

## In Conclusion

The report highlights the sharp contrasts of the Mediterranean, by showing that despite undeniable progress over recent years in matters of marine pollution and of ecosystem conservation, considerable efforts are still required to anticipate the impacts of climate change, to more parsimoniously manage rare natural resources, such as water and energy, to curb biodiversity loss, to preserve such coveted landscapes as coastal zones and to promote more sustainable modes of production and consumption. But these chapters also reveal that the Mediterranean is in need of further study, as current trend analyses and descriptions are weakened by the lack of data, of reliable information, comparable over time and space, to point to the realities of the pressures on the environment and its present state, the effects of responses to the stakes at hand. It is therefore a necessity to strengthen knowledge and to allocate the required means to this end. The issues under analysis also reveal the Mediterranean as a locus for regional cooperation, in view of the fact that while such issues as wiser water management and waste treatment can be covered by local initiatives, it is regionally, i.e. collectively, that Mediterranean countries will find the solutions to their specific challenges. Whether the issues are adaptation to climate change, fisheries management, marine and coastal ecosystems protection, risk and pollution control, individual efforts will succeed all the more that they benefit from a consistent, shared and regularly upgraded framework. It is precisely to develop this framework that the Mediterranean Action Plan has, since 1975, spared no efforts, through its legal instrument, the Barcelona Convention on the Protection of the Mediterranean Marine and Coastal Environment and through its Regional Activity Centers. The Union for the Mediterranean initiative has confirmed the validity of its actions and will certainly reinforce its foundations.

If the 2009 report, of which a more detailed and updated version will be presented in 2011, persuades its readers to establish the Mediterranean as an example of environmental protection and sustainable development promotion, it will have reached its goal.





**Part**

**6**

**Statistical Annex**



## List of tables

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Table 1	Geographical framework .....	<b>168</b>
Table 2	Mediterranean countries specificities in 2006 .....	<b>169</b>
Table 3	Specificities of the Mediterranean countries economy in 2006 .....	<b>170</b>
Table 4	Population of the Mediterranean countries .....	<b>171</b>
Table 5	Proportion of population using an improved drinking water source (%) .....	<b>172</b>
Table 6	Proportion of population using improved sanitation, (%) (H2020 indicator) .....	<b>173</b>
Table 7	Proportion of urban population living in slums .....	<b>173</b>
Table 8	Greenhouse gas emissions (1 000 tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent) .....	<b>174</b>
Table 9	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions (1 000 tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent) .....	<b>174</b>
Table 10	Distribution of CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from energy use per sector (2005) .....	<b>175</b>
Table 11	Water resources and demand (total and per inhabitant), exploitation index, period 2000-2005 .....	<b>176</b>
Table 12	Water demand, total and per sector, period 2000-2005 .....	<b>177</b>
Table 13	Energy intensity and total primary energy supply per capita .....	<b>178</b>
Table 14	Burnt areas (ha) .....	<b>179</b>
Table 15	Distribution of wooded land, agriculture land and pastures, 1990 and 2005 .....	<b>180</b>
Table 16	Urban population and urbanisation rate .....	<b>181</b>
Table 17	Number of cities and population distribution by size classes, 2005 (H2020 indicator) .....	<b>182</b>
Table 18	Agricultural population.....	<b>183</b>
Table 19	Rural population.....	<b>183</b>
Table 20	Arable land areas .....	<b>184</b>
Table 21	Irrigated land areas (1000 hectares).....	<b>185</b>
Table 22	Catches in the Mediterranean sea (Black sea, Azov sea and Marmara sea excluded) (tonnes).....	<b>186</b>
Table 23	Aquaculture production (tonnes) (H2020 indicator).....	<b>187</b>
Table 24	International tourists arrivals (thousand) .....	<b>188</b>
Table 25	Arrivals of international tourists per transport mode (thousand) .....	<b>189</b>
Table 26	Rate of motorisation and number of passenger cars .....	<b>190</b>
Table 27	Length of rail and road networks.....	<b>191</b>
Table 28	Waste water treatment plans in the Mediterranean coastal cities, 2004 (H2020 indicator) .....	<b>192</b>
Table 29	Waste water treatment plans in the Mediterranean coastal cities, 2004 (%) (H2020 indicator).....	<b>193</b>
Table 30	The Mediterranean marine ecosystems.....	<b>194</b>
Table 31	Waste production and waste disposals (H2020 indicator) .....	<b>195</b>
Table 32	Composition of municipal waste (%) (H2020 indicator).....	<b>196</b>

Table 1 Geographical framework

presentation rank	ISO 2 Code	Countries / Entities	Mediterranean shores		European countries	Euromed Countries	EEA Members
1	ES	Spain	NMC	NORTH	EU		EEA
2	FR	France	NMC	NORTH	EU		EEA
3	IT	Italy	NMC	NORTH	EU		EEA
4	GR	Greece	NMC	NORTH	EU		EEA
5	MC	Monaco	NMC	NORTH	(*)	Euromed	EEA
6	MT	Malta	NMC	NORTH	EU		EEA
7	CY	Cyprus	NMC	NORTH	EU		EEA
8	SI	Slovenia	NMC	NORTH	EU		EEA
9	HR	Croatia	NMC	NORTH	Candidate	Euromed	EEA Associated
10	BA	Bosnia-Herzegovina	NMC	NORTH	Potential candidate	Euromed	EEA Associated
11	ME	Montenegro	NMC	NORTH	Potential candidate	Euromed	EEA Associated
12	AL	Albania	NMC	NORTH	Potential candidate	Euromed	EEA Associated
13	TR	Turkey	SEMC	EAST	Candidate	Euromed	EEA
14	SY	Syria	SEMC	EAST		Euromed	
15	LB	Lebanon	SEMC	EAST		Euromed	
16	IL	Israel	SEMC	EAST		Euromed	
17	PS	Palestinian Territories	SEMC	EAST		Euromed	
18	EG	Egypt	SEMC	SOUTH		Euromed	
19	LY	Libya	SEMC	SOUTH		Euromed	
20	TN	Tunisia	SEMC	SOUTH		Euromed	
21	DZ	Algeria	SEMC	SOUTH		Euromed	
22	MA	Morocco	SEMC	SOUTH		Euromed	

Note: \*Through its specific relationship with France, Monaco participates directly in some Community policies.

Table 2 Mediterranean countries specificities in 2006

Countries	Total area (km <sup>2</sup> )	Land area (km <sup>2</sup> )	Population (inhabitants)	Population Growth rate 2000-2006 (%)	Population density (inhab/km <sup>2</sup> )	Urban population (habitants)	Urbanisation rate (%)
Spain	505 370	499 190	44 121 300	1.54	88	33 902 807	77
France	551 500	550 100	61 256 600	0.66	111	47 118 577	77
Italy	301 340	294 110	58 842 800	0.55	200	39 871 881	68
Greece	131 960	128 900	11 147 100	0.35	86	6 592 395	59
Monaco	2	1.95	32 600		16 718	32 600	100
Malta	320	320	406 000	0.67	1 269	387 892	96
Cyprus	9 250	9 240	771 200	1.77	83	535 984	70
Slovenia	20 270	20 140	2 006 800	0.15	100	1 027 080	51
Croatia	56 540	55 920	4 441 300	-0.23	79	2 520 882	57
Bosnia-Herzegovina	51 210	51 200	3 926 406	0.60	77	1 817 141	46
Montenegro	14 026	13 812	601 022	-1.80	44		
Albania	28 750	27 400	3 172 155	0.49	116	1 463 632	46
Turkey	783 560	769 630	72 975 000	1.33	95	49 447 860	68
Syria	185 180	183 780	19 407 558	2.73	106	9 862 921	51
Lebanon	10 400	10 230	4 055 301	1.21	396	3 516 757	87
Israel	22 070	21 640	7 048 600	1.92	326	6 457 927	92
Palestinian Territories	6 020	6 020	3 774 671	4.10	627	2 706 439	72
Egypt	1 001 450	995 450	74 166 496	1.83	75	31 876 760	43
Libya	1 759 540	1 759 540	6 038 643	2.05	3	5 138 885	85
Tunisia	163 610	155 360	10 128 100	0.96	65	6 652 136	66
Algeria	2 381 740	2 381 740	33 351 137	1.50	14	21 324 717	64
Morocco	446 550	446 300	30 496 553	1.16	68	18 096 655	59
<b>Total/Average</b>							
North Shore	1 670 538	1 650 334	190 725 283	0.77	116	135 270 871	71
South and East Shore	6 760 120	6 729 690	261 442 059	1.62	39	155 081 057	59
Mediterranean	8 430 658	8 380 024	452 167 342	1.26	54	290 351 929	64
World	133 945 751	129 644 587	6 538 082 878	1.23	50	3 197 735 145	49
<b>Ratio</b>							
North Shore / Mediterranean	20%	20%	42%		214%	47%	110
South & East Shore / Mediterranean	80%	80%	58%		72%	53%	92
Mediterranean/World	6.3%	6.5%	6.9%		107.0%	9.1%	131

Source: WDI 2008 and Plan Bleu computations

Table 3 Specificities of the Mediterranean countries economy in 2006

Countries	Gross Domestic Product (Purchase Power Parity)		Gross Domestic Product per capita (Purchase Power Parity)		Gross National Income (Purchase Power Parity)	
	(Millions of constant 2005 \$)	Growth rate 2000 – 2006 (%)	(constant 2005 \$)	Growth rate 2000 – 2006 (%)	(Millions of current \$)	(current \$ per capita)
Spain	1 225 020	3.34	27 765	1.77	1 244 175	28 199
France	1 899 238	1.69	31 005	1.02	1 974 931	32 240
Italy	1 656 767	0.89	28 156	0.34	1 704 894	28 974
Greece	339 017	4.33	30 413	3.97	344 082	30 867
Malta	8 546	1.24	21 049	0.57	8 523	20 993
Cyprus	19 344	3.36	25 083	1.56	19 328	25 062
Slovenia	47 368	3.73	23 604	3.58	48 106	23 971
Croatia	61 588	4.78	13 867	5.02	61 502	13 848
Bosnia-Herzegovina	24 688	5.13	6 288	4.50	26 639	6 785
Montenegro	5 262	4.55	8 755	6.46	5 366	8 929
Albania	18 096	5.33	5 705	4.81	19 033	6 000
Turkey	595 293	4.62	8 157	3.25	613 685	8 410
Syria	79 466	4.36	4 095	1.59	79 703	4 107
Lebanon	38 284	3.36	9 441	2.12	38 922	9 598
Israel	164 603	2.47	23 353	0.54	168 063	23 843
Palestinian Territories	13 187	-1.19	3 493	-5.08	14 048	3 722
Egypt	356 023	4.21	4 800	2.34	366 459	4 941
Libya	68 015	3.61	11 263	1.53	70 244	11 632
Tunisia	67 328	4.59	6 648	3.60	65 717	6 489
Algeria	205 146	4.61	6 151	3.06	198 023	5 938
Morocco	115 711	5.41	3 794	4.21	117 695	3 859
<b>Total/average</b>						
North Shore	5 304 933	2.03	27 819	1.25	5 456 579	28 615
South and East Shore	1 703 057	4.23	6 514	2.56	1 732 559	6 627
Mediterranean	7 007 990	2.54	15 499	1.26	7 189 137	15 899
World	58 639 125	3.34	8 969	1.77	60 209 862	9 209
<b>Ratio</b>						
North Shore / Mediterranean	76%				76%	180%
South and East Shore / Mediterranean	24%				24%	42%
Mediterranean /World	12.0%				11.9%	173%

Note: Purchase Power Parities (PPPs) are the rates of currency conversion that equalise the purchasing power of different currencies by eliminating the differences in price levels between countries. In their simplest form, PPPs are simply price relatives which show the ratio of the prices in national currencies of the same good or service in different countries. (See the website [www.worldbank.org/data/icp](http://www.worldbank.org/data/icp) of the International Comparison Program for more details)

Sources: WDI 2008 and Plan Bleu computations

Table 4 Population of the Mediterranean countries

Countries	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
Spain	37 386	38 408	38 836	39 387	40 263	43 398	44 121
France	53 880	55 170	56 735	57 844	58 896	60 873	61 257
Italy	56 434	56 593	56 719	56 846	56 949	58 607	58 843
Greece	9 643	9 934	10 161	10 634	10 918	11 104	11 147
Monaco						33	33
Malta	364	344	360	378	390	404	406
Cyprus	513	542	580	651	694	758	771
Slovenia	1 901	1 973	1 998	1 990	1 989	2 001	2 007
Croatia	4 588	4 701	4 780	4 670	4 503	4 443	4 441
Bosnia-Herzegovina	3 914	4 122	4 308	3 421	3 787	3 915	3 926
Montenegro	576	576	587	623	670	608	601
Albania	2 671	2 957	3 289	3 150	3 080	3 154	3 172
Turkey	44 484	50 286	56 154	61 737	67 420	72 065	72 975
Syria	8 971	10 815	12 721	14 610	16 511	18 894	19 408
Lebanon	2 785	2 891	2 974	3 491	3 772	4 011	4 055
Israel	3 878	4 233	4 660	5 545	6 289	6 924	7 049
Palestinian Territories			1 970	2 396	2 966	3 626	3 775
Egypt	43 674	49 186	55 137	60 648	66 529	72 850	74 166
Libya	3 063	3 850	4 364	4 833	5 346	5 918	6 039
Tunisia	6 384	7 260	8 154	8 958	9 564	10 029	10 128
Algeria	18 811	22 097	25 283	28 265	30 506	32 854	33 351
Morocco	19 380	21 779	24 167	26 435	28 466	30 143	30 497
<b>Total</b>							
North Shore	171 870	175 320	178 354	179 594	182 138	189 297	190 725
South and East Shore	151 429	172 398	195 584	216 917	237 368	257 313	261 442
Mediterranean	323 299	347 718	373 938	396 512	419 505	446 610	452 167
World	4 431 033	4 823 325	5 263 924	5 676 845	6 076 654	6 461 660	6 538 083
<b>Ratio</b>							
North Shore / Mediterranean	53%	50%	48%	45%	43%	42%	42%
South and East Shore / Mediterranean	47%	50%	52%	55%	57%	58%	58%
Mediterranean / World	7.3%	7.2%	7.1%	7.0%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%

Sources: WDI 2008 and Plan Bleu computations

Table 5 Proportion of population using an improved drinking water source (%)

Countries	Total			Urban			Rural		
	1990	2000	2006	1990	2000	2006	1990	2000	2006
Spain	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
France	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Italy				100	100	100			
Greece	96	99	100	99	100	100	91	97	99
Malta	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cyprus	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Croatia	99	99	99	100	100	100	98	98	98
Bosnia-Herzegovina	97	97	99	99	99	100	96	96	98
Serbia-Montenegro			98			100			96
Albania	96	97	97	100	100	97	93	94	97
Turkey	85	93	97	92	96	98	74	87	95
Syria	83	86	89	96	95	95	70	77	83
Lebanon	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Israel	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Palestinian Territories	96	93	89		95	90	90	89	88
Egypt	94	97	98	97	99	99	92	95	98
Libya	71	71		72	72		68	68	
Tunisia	82	90	94	95	98	99	62	76	84
Algeria	94	89	85	99	93	87	88	84	81
Morocco	75	80	83	94	98	100	58	58	58

## Notes:

- 1990 data for France, Albania and Palestinian Territories refer to 1995.
- The proportion of the population with sustainable access to an improved water source, urban and rural, is the percentage of the population who use any of the following types of water supply for drinking: piped water, public taps, public boreholes, protected wells and springs or rainwater. Improved water sources do not include vendor-provided water, bottled water, tanker trucks and unprotected wells and springs.

Source: UNSD, WHO, UNICEF

Table 6 Proportion of population using improved sanitation, (%) (H2020 indicator)

Countries	Total			Urban			Rural		
	1990	2000	2006	1990	2000	2006	1990	2000	2006
Spain	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Greece	97	98	98	100	99	99	93	96	97
Malta				100	100	100			
Cyprus	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Croatia	99	99	99	99	99	99	98	98	98
Bosnia-Herzegovina	96	96	95	99	99	99	94	93	92
Serbia-Montenegro			91			96			86
Albania	86	89	97	97	97	98	79	83	97
Turkey	85	87	88	96	96	96	69	71	72
Syria	81	87	92	94	95	96	69	79	88
Lebanon	98	98		100	100	100	87	87	
Israel				100	100	100			
Palestinian Territories	80	80	80	84	84	84	69	69	69
Egypt	50	61	66	68	79	85	37	47	52
Libya	97	97	97	97	97	97	96	96	96
Tunisia	74	81	85	95	95	96	44	57	64
Algeria	88	92	94	99	99	98	77	82	87
Morocco	52	65	72	80	83	85	25	43	54

## Notes:

- France, Albania, Lebanon and Palestinian Territories in 1990: 1995 data.
- Proportion of the urban and rural population with access to improved sanitation refers to the percentage of the population with access to facilities that hygienically separate human excreta from human, animal and insect contact. Facilities such as sewers or septic tanks, pour-flush latrines and simple pit or ventilated improved pit latrines are assumed to be adequate, provided that they are not public, according to the World Health Organization and United Nations Children's Fund's Global Water Supply and Sanitation Assessment 2000 Report. To be effective, facilities must be correctly constructed and properly maintained.

Source: UNSD, WHO, UNICEF

Table 7 Proportion of urban population living in slums

Countries	Urban population living in slums (inhabitants)			Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)		
	1990	2001	2005	1990	2001	2005
Turkey	7 997 492	8 011 145	7 634 645	23.3	17.9	15.5
Syria	628 609	891 523	981 945			
Lebanon	1 142 000	1 601 500	1 756 720	50.0	50.0	53.1
Palestinian Territories		1 333 289			60.0	
Egypt	14 086 925	11 761 704	5 405 326	57.5	39.9	17.1
Libya	1 241 856	1 674 464		35.2	35.2	
Tunisia	425 340	234 173		9.0	3.7	
Algeria	1 507 568	2 100 518		11.8	11.8	
Morocco	4 456 958	5 579 166	2 422 062	37.4	32.7	13.1

Note: UN-HABITAT defines a slum household as a group of individuals living under the same roof who lack one or more (in some cities, two or more) of the following conditions: security of tenure, structural quality and durability of dwellings, access to safe water, access to sanitation facilities and sufficient living area.

Source: UNSD, UN-HABITAT

Table 8 Greenhouse gas emissions (1 000 tonnes CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent)

Countries	Base year (Climate Convention)	1995	2000	2005	2006	2007	Change from base year to latest reported year (%)
Spain	288 135	319 166	385 768	441 150	433 070	442 322	53.5
France	565 495	559 607	560 581	558 445	546 371	535 772	-5.3
Italy	516 318	529 686	549 509	573 685	562 982	552 771	7.1
Greece	105 562	110 184	127 126	131 831	128 089	131 854	24.9
Slovenia	20 340	18 714	18 912	20 377	20 570	20 722	1.9
Croatia	31 374	22 865	25 955	30 433	30 769	32 385	3.2
Monaco	108	115	120	104	93	98	-9.3
Turkey	170 059	220 719	279 956	312 420	332 675	372 638	119.1
EU27	5 776 676	5 237 183	5 080 090	5 141 693	5 136 864	5 078 788	-12.1
United States	6 084 490	6 447 084	6 975 180	7 082 213	7 006 049	7 107 162	16.8

Note: This table do not include the emissions from Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry (LULUCF)

Source: UNFCCC

Table 9 CO<sub>2</sub> emissions (1 000 tonnes CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent)

Countries	Base year (Climate Convention)	1995	2000	2005	2006	2007	Change from base year to latest reported year (%)
Spain	228 447	255 256	307 692	367 997	358 418	366 366	60.4
France	398 005	396 049	409 466	420 538	410 948	401 007	0.8
Italy	434 688	445 401	462 715	490 056	485 754	475 302	9.3
Greece	83 150	86 752	103 439	111 047	109 625	113 566	36.6
Slovenia	16 293	15 007	15 211	16 671	16 854	16 989	4.3
Croatia	23 105	16 930	19 955	23 424	23 528	24 865	7.6
Monaco	105	112	113	99	89	92	-12.6
Turkey	139 594	171 854	223 806	256 434	273 705	304 475	118.1
EU27	4 973 620	4 825 079	4 621 128	4 753 408	4 754 814	4 730 142	-12.1
United States	5 068 576	5 399 817	5 946 409	6 081 905	6 006 104	6 094 390	20.2

Note: This table do not include the emissions from Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry (LULUCF)

Source: UNFCCC

Table 10 Distribution of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from energy use per sector (2005)

Countries	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from energy use per sector (1000 tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent)					CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from energy use per sector (%)				
	Electricity, heating (1)	Manufacturing construction (2)	Transport (3)	Other fuel combustion (4)	Fugitive emissions (5)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Spain	129 394	64 557	110 761	37 287	0	38	19	32	11	0
France	72 002	78 237	134 558	103 856	0	19	20	35	27	0
Italy	161 037	84 211	119 197	89 885	0	35	19	26	20	0
Greece	50 086	9 417	22 076	14 150	0	52	10	23	15	0
Malta	2 001	0	540	100	0	76	0	20	4	0
Cyprus	3 473	1 001	2 031	550	0	49	14	29	8	0
Slovenia	5 894	2 772	4 353	2 492	0	38	18	28	16	0
Croatia	7 085	4 173	5 654	3 873	0	34	20	27	19	0
Bosnia-Herzegovina	9 317	1 471	2 572	2 592	0	58	9	16	16	0
Serbia-Montenegro	32 674	7 806	6 515	3 412	0	65	15	13	7	0
Albania	330	600	2 422	1 261	0	7	13	52	27	0
Turkey	81 129	57 122	37 918	42 941	5	37	26	17	20	0
Syria	22 316	9 787	11 749	3 943	469	46	20	24	8	1
Lebanon	6 765	3 192	3 973	1 891	0	43	20	25	12	0
Israel	40 299	1 811	9 867	7 916	35	67	3	16	13	0
Egypt	61 605	37 437	31 613	17 042	1 457	41	25	21	11	1
Libya	23 617	7 315	11 729	2 772	1 640	50	16	25	6	3
Tunisia	6 785	3 853	4 543	4 113	715	34	19	23	21	4
Algeria	35 616	11 188	17 793	19 764	6 864	39	12	20	22	8
Morocco	18 043	7 165	1 821	14 350	0	44	17	4	35	0
<b>Total</b>										
North Shore	473 294	254 245	410 679	259 459	0	34	18	29	19	0
South and East Shore	296 506	139 471	133 427	115 994	11 184	43	20	19	17	2
Mediterranean	769 800	393 716	544 106	375 453	11 184	37	19	26	18	1
EU27	1 617 697	661 871	954 474	744 712	3 506	41	17	24	19	0
World	12 316 197	5 187 813	5 381 874	3 310 468	194 389	47	20	20	13	1

Source: WRI-CAIT (version 6.0)

Table 11 Water resources and demand (total and per inhabitant), exploitation index, period 2000-2005

Countries	Natural renewable water resources NRWR (a)	Natural renewable and exploitable water resources NREW	Total demand	Withdrawals in the renewable natural water (b)	Exploitation index	Per capita NRWR	Per capita NREW	Total demand per capita	Drinking water demand per capita
	(km <sup>3</sup> /year)				(b)/(a)	(m <sup>3</sup> /inhabitant)			
Spain	111.5	46.3	37.070	37.070	33.2	2 612	1 085	868	96
France	200.0	100.0	34.960	34.950	17.5	3 312	1 656	579	103
Italy	191.3	110.0	41.982	41.983	21.9	3 323	1 911	729	138
Greece	74.3	29.0	7.800	7.800	10.5	6 715	2 713	705	113
Malta	0.0	0.0	0.058	0.032	97.0	82	50	145	77
Cyprus	0.8	0.5	0.253	0.220	27.5	944	654	306	81
Slovenia	31.9	15.0	0.894	0.894	2.8	15 959	7 511	448	94
Croatia	71.4	20.0	0.375	0.375	0.5	16 073	4 502	84	71
Bosnia-Herzegovina	37.5	15.0	0.930	0.930	2.5	9 592	3 837	238	59
Montenegro	15.7	7.0	0.050	0.050	0.3	25 000	7 962	80	80
Albania	41.7	13.0	1.700	1.700	4.1	13 401	4 178	546	148
Turkey	213.6	112.0	40.100	40.100	18.8	2 977	1 561	559	84
Syria	18.2	16.0	16.690	16.700	91.8	980	861	898	77
Lebanon	4.4	1.8	1.400	1.400	31.8	1 246	494	395	127
Israel	1.9	1.6	1.950	1.724	90.7	274	230	287	104
Palestinian Territories	0.8	0.7	0.280	0.220	27.5	214	202	80	36
Egypt	56.8	50.0	70.430	55.500	97.7	782	688	970	66
Libya	0.6	0.5	4.260	0.500	83.3	105	87	742	105
Tunisia	4.2	3.2	2.457	1.730	41.2	403	313	247	41
Algeria	11.7	6.0	6.270	4.490	38.4	361	185	194	41
Morocco	20.7	11.9	9.488	9.415	45.5	694	399	318	29
<b>Total/Average</b>									
North Shore	740.0	359.0	126.072	111.574	15.1	3 957	1 920	674	111
South and East Shore	342.0	214.0	153.325	133.479	39.0	1 327	830	595	66
Mediterranean	1082.0	572.0	279.397	245.052	22.6	2 433	1 286	628	85
<b>Ratio</b>									
North Shore / Mediterranean	68%	63%	45%	46%		163%	149%	107%	130%
South and East Shore / Mediterranean	32%	37%	55%	54%		55%	65%	95%	78%

Note: Water resources are calculated by sub-regions without double counting (due to water exchanges between neighbouring Mediterranean countries)

Source: Plan Bleu, from national sources

Table 12 Water demand, total and per sector, period 2000-2005

Countries	Total demand	Drinking water	Irrigation	Industry	Energy	Drinking water	Irrigation	Industry	Energy
	(km <sup>3</sup> /year)	(km <sup>3</sup> /year)				(%)			
Spain	37.070	5.300	24.160	1.440	6.170	14.3	65.2	3.9	16.6
France	34.960	6.200	4.100	3.380	21.280	17.7	11.7	9.7	60.9
Italy	41.982	7.940	20.136	7.986	5.919	18.9	48.0	19.0	14.1
Greece	7.800	1.250	6.300	0.130	0.120	16.0	80.8	1.7	1.5
Malta	0.058	0.031	0.024	0.003		53.4	41.4	5.2	
Cyprus	0.253	0.067	0.182	0.004		26.5	71.9	1.4	
Slovenia	0.894	0.187	0.007	0.080	0.620	20.9	0.8	8.9	69.4
Croatia	0.375	0.314	0.001	0.050	0.010	83.7	0.3	13.3	2.7
Bosnia-Herzegovina	0.930	0.230	0.600	0.100		24.7	64.5	10.8	
Montenegro	0.050	0.050				100.0			
Albania	1.700	0.460	1.050	0.190		27.1	61.8	11.2	
Turkey	40.100	6.000	30.100	4.000		15.0	75.1	10.0	
Syria	16.690	1.426	14.669	0.595		8.5	87.9	3.6	
Lebanon	1.400	0.450	0.940	0.010		32.1	67.1	0.7	
Israel	1.950	0.712	1.129	0.113		36.5	57.9	5.8	
Palestinian Territories	0.280	0.125	0.155			44.6	55.4		
Egypt	70.430	4.760	58.800	2.200	4.670	6.8	83.5	3.1	6.6
Libya	4.260	0.600	3.540	0.120		14.1	83.1	2.8	
Tunisia	2.457	0.406	1.918	0.133		16.5	78.1	5.4	
Algeria	6.270	1.330	3.940	0.800	0.200	21.2	62.8	12.8	3.2
Morocco	9.488	0.855	8.475	0.158		9.0	89.3	1.7	
<b>Total/Average</b>									
North Shore	126.072	22.029	56.560	13.363	34.119	17.5	44.9	10.6	27.1
South and East Shore	153.325	16.664	123.666	8.129	4.870	10.9	80.7	5.3	3.2
Mediterranean	279.397	38.693	180.226	21.492	38.989	13.8	64.5	7.7	14.0
<b>Ratio</b>									
North Shore / Mediterranean	45%	57%	31%	62%	88%				
South and East Shore / Mediterranean	55%	43%	69%	38%	12%				

## Notes:

- Total water demand corresponds to the sum of water directly abstracted, including losses in transport and use, and the production of non-conventional water
- Drinking water demand refers to water directly abstracted and water issued from desalination of sea water and brackish water for supplying the households, public services, commercial establishments and deservd industries.
- Water demand for irrigation refers to water directly abstracted and non-conventional production (desalination, clean wastewater reuse, drainage, etc.) for irrigated agriculture production.
- Water demand for industry refers to water directly abstracted for the industries not deservd by the public drinking water network.
- Water demand for energy refers only to the thermal power plant cooling.

Sources: Plan Bleu, from national sources

Table 13 Energy intensity and total primary energy supply per capita

Countries	Energy intensity (koe/ \$ 2000 PPP)					Total primary energy supply per capita (koe/inhab)				
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2007	1990	1995	2000	2005	2007
Spain	138	144	142	141	133	2 309	2 560	3 029	3 268	3 208
France	178	178	165	163	152	3 859	3 995	4 168	4 320	4 148
Italy	118	120	117	120	113	2 586	2 801	2 997	3 120	3 003
Greece	135	134	135	123	120	2 074	2 133	2 480	2 725	2 876
Malta	164	128	98	120	112	1 931	1 876	1 733	2 131	2 120
Cyprus	151	155	158	140	141	2 347	2 682	3 079	2 929	3 097
Slovenia	197	216	186	177	157	2 835	3 018	3 227	3 646	3 632
Croatia	188	203	190	172	163	1 884	1 510	1 730	2 003	2 100
Bosnia-Herzegovina	1 233	249	212	193	191	1 627	460	1 179	1 335	1 485
Serbia-Montenegro*	515	370	364	353	327	1 948	1 250	1 626	2 020	2 140
Albania	268	152	155	156	132	809	420	575	733	683
Turkey	128	128	130	115	122	939	998	1 132	1 171	1 353
Syria	352	296	328	268	268	895	961	1 055	926	987
Lebanon	278	300	304	274	198	755	1 238	1 307	1 355	975
Israel	130	128	119	119	115	2 486	2 822	2 933	2 956	3 062
Egypt	204	192	190	216	208	577	582	679	835	891
Libya	280	366	354	294	264	2 596	3 268	3 100	2 967	2 895
Tunisia	131	127	122	110	106	607	648	764	821	862
Algeria	162	173	167	157	170	878	853	886	984	1 089
Morocco	78	93	92	92	91	287	325	360	435	465
<b>Total</b>										
North Shore	153	151	145	144	135	2 789	2 885	3 184	3 375	3 292
South and East Shore	155	158	156	148	149	801	864	953	1 024	1 111
Mediterranean	153	153	148	145	139	1 784	1 817	1 956	2 055	2 059
European Union (27)	191	179	159	153	142	3 462	3 421	3 491	3 616	3 546
World	263	244	220	207	196	1 666	1 626	1 650	1 769	1 820

Note: \* 2005 and 2007 data refer to Serbia

Source: EIA

Table 14 Burnt areas (ha)

	Spain	France	Italy	Greece	Croatia	Slovenia	Cyprus	Turkey
1980	263 017	22 176	143 919	32 965				
1981	298 288	27 711	229 850	81 417				
1982	152 903	55 145	130 456	27 372				
1983	108 100	53 729	212 678	19 613				
1984	165 119	27 202	75 272	33 655				
1985	484 476	57 368	190 640	105 450				
1986	264 887	51 860	86 420	24 514				
1987	146 662	14 108	120 697	46 315				
1988	137 734	6 701	186 405	110 501				
1989	426 693	75 566	95 161	42 363				
1990	203 032	72 625	195 319	38 594				
1991	260 318	10 130	99 860	13 046				
1992	105 277	16 593	105 692	71 410				
1993	89 267	16 698	203 749	54 049				
1994	437 635	24 995	136 334	57 908				
1995	143 484	18 137	48 884	27 202				
1996	59 814	11 400	57 988	25 310				
1997	98 503	21 581	111 230	52 373				
1998	133 643	19 282	155 553	92 901				6 764
1999	82 217	15 906	71 117	8 289				5 804
2000	188 586	24 078	114 648	145 033	129 883	8 034		26 353
2001	93 297	20 642	76 427	18 221	27 251	4 830		7 394
2002	107 464	30 160	40 791	6 013	74 945	2 196	161	8 513
2003	148 172	73 278	91 805	3 517	77 359	2 349	2 100	6 644
2004	134 193	13 711	60 176	10 267	8 988	1 218	138	4 876
2005	188 697	22 135	47 575	6 437	21 407	1 838	280	2 821
2006	148 827	7 844	39 946	12 661	18 782	1 160	1 420	7 762
2007	82 048	8 570	227 729	225 734	63 719	4 483	128	11 664

Source: European Forest Fire Information System (EFFIS)

	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Syria		0		0	0	0	0		
Lebanon		408		0	0	585	440	875	4 031
Israel		1 500	1 100	900	700	700	1 000	2 000	800
Algeria	32 157	38 462	55 782	14 378	11 194	11 998	31 676		
Tunisia	60	1 375	2 275	231	371	189	355	150	457
Morocco		412	182	60	60	0	0		

Source: Eurostat

Table 15 Distribution of wooded land, agriculture land and pastures, 1990 and 2005

Countries	1990						
	Arable land and permanent crops (1000 ha)	Forest and wooded land (1000 ha)	Meadows and pastures (1000 ha)	Total (1000 ha)	Arable land and permanent crops (% of total)	Forest and wooded land (% of total)	Meadows and pastures (% of total)
Spain	20 172	25 926	10 300	56 398	36	46	18
France	19 190	16 625	11 380	47 195	41	35	24
Italy	11 972	9 263	4 868	26 103	46	35	19
Greece	3 967	6 511	5 255	15 733	25	41	33
Malta	13	0.3	0	13.3	98	2	0
Cyprus	157	161	5	323	49	50	2
Slovenia	200	1 242	328	1 770	11	70	19
Croatia	1 212	2 440	1 079	4 731	26	52	23
Bosnia-Herzegovina	850	2 705	1 200	4 755	18	57	25
Serbia-Montenegro	3 720	3 397	2 920	10 037	37	34	29
Albania	704	1 045	417	2 166	33	48	19
Turkey	27 677	20 585	12 000	60 262	46	34	20
Lebanon	305	121	300	726	42	17	41
Israel	431	170	148	749	58	23	20
Egypt	2 648	64	0	2 712	98	2	0
Libya	2 155	547	13 300	16 002	13	3	83
Tunisia	5 735	971	3 793	10 499	55	9	36
Algeria	7 635	3 638	31 041	42 315	18	9	73
Morocco	9 443	4 696	20 900	35 039	27	13	60

Source: FAO

Countries	2005						
	Arable land and permanent crops (1000 ha)	Forest and wooded land (1000 ha)	Meadows and pastures (1000 ha)	Total (1000 ha)	Arable land and permanent crops (% of total)	Forest and wooded land (% of total)	Meadows and pastures (% of total)
Spain	17 844	28 214	11 320	57 378	31	49	20
France	19 643	17 262	9 907	46 812	42	37	21
Italy	10 334	11 026	4 402	25 762	40	43	17
Greece	3 734	6 532	4 600	14 866	25	44	31
Malta	9.3	0.3	0	9.6	97	3	0
Cyprus	166	388	1	555	30	70	0
Slovenia	205	1 308	305	1 818	11	72	17
Croatia	927	2 481	265	3 673	25	68	7
Bosnia-Herzegovina	1 120	2 734	1 037	4 891	23	56	21
Serbia-Montenegro	3 822	3 514	1 768	9 104	42	39	19
Albania	659	1 055	418	2 132	31	49	20
Turkey	26 606	20 864	14 617	62 087	43	34	24
Lebanon	283	243	370	896	32	27	41
Israel	381	256	125	762	50	34	16
Egypt	3 523	87	0	3 610	98	2	0
Libya	2 085	547	13 500	16 132	13	3	84
Tunisia	4 896	1 226	4 928	11 050	44	11	45
Algeria	8 363	3 872	32 848	45 083	19	9	73
Morocco	8 989	4 770	21 000	34 759	26	14	60

Source: FAO

Table 16 Urban population and urbanisation rate

Countries	Urban population (thousands)				Urbanisation rate (%)			
	1980	1990	2000	2006	1980	1990	2000	2006
Spain	27 217	29 282	30 721	33 903	72.8	75.4	76.3	76.8
France	39 494	42 041	44 643	47 119	73.3	74.1	75.8	76.9
Italy	37 585	37 832	38 269	39 872	66.6	66.7	67.2	67.8
Greece	5 564	5 975	6 419	6 592	57.7	58.8	58.8	59.1
Malta	327	325	364	388	89.8	90.4	93.4	95.5
Cyprus	300	387	476	536	58.6	66.8	68.6	69.5
Slovenia	913	1 007	1 010	1 027	48.0	50.4	50.8	51.2
Croatia	2 299	2 581	2 503	2 521	50.1	54.0	55.6	56.8
Bosnia-Herzegovina	1 389	1 689	1 636	1 817	35.5	39.2	43.2	46.3
Albania	900	1 197	1 287	1 464	33.7	36.4	41.8	46.1
Turkey	19 484	33 243	43 621	49 448	43.8	59.2	64.7	67.8
Syria	4 190	6 221	8 272	9 863	46.7	48.9	50.1	50.8
Lebanon	2 052	2 472	3 244	3 517	73.7	83.1	86.0	86.7
Israel	3 436	4 213	5 748	6 458	88.6	90.4	91.4	91.6
Palestinian Territories		1 338	2 121	2 706	62.4	67.9	71.5	71.7
Egypt	19 173	23 985	28 275	31 877	43.9	43.5	42.5	43.0
Libya	2 080	3 430	4 442	5 139	67.9	78.6	83.1	85.1
Tunisia	3 288	4 860	6 063	6 652	51.5	59.6	63.4	65.7
Algeria	8 183	13 172	18 243	21 325	43.5	52.1	59.8	63.9
Morocco	8 004	11 697	15 685	18 097	41.3	48.4	55.1	59.3
<b>Total/Average</b>								
North Shore	115 988	122 316	127 330	135 271	67.7	68.8	70.2	71.1
South and East Shore	69 889	104 629	135 713	155 081	46.2	53.5	57.2	59.3
Mediterranean	185 877	226 946	263 043	290 352	57.6	60.8	62.8	64.3
World	1 724 084	2 250 720	2 826 484	3 197 735	39.1	43.0	46.7	49.1
<b>Ratio</b>								
North Shore / Mediterranean	62%	54%	48%	47%				
South and East Shore / Mediterranean	38%	46%	52%	53%				
Mediterranean / World	11%	10%	9%	9%				

Sources: WDI 2008 and Plan Bleu computations

Table 17 Number of cities and population distribution by size classes, 2005 (H2020 indicator)

Countries	Number of cities					Population distribution (%)					Urban Population (1000 inhab)
	500 000 to 1 million	1 to 5 million	5 to 10 million	10 million or more	Total	Fewer than 500 000	500 000 to 1 million	1 to 5 million	5 to 10 million	10 million or more	
Spain	4	1	1		6	61	8	14	16		33 295
France	6	3	1	0	10	62	9	8	21	0	46 781
Italy	12	4			16	55	19	26			39 652
Greece	1	1			2	40	12	48			6 700
Malta						100					377
Cyprus						100					580
Slovenia						100					990
Croatia	1				1	73	27				2 570
Montenegro						100					372
Albania	0				0	100	0				1 413
Turkey	7	4	1	0	12	52	10	18	20	0	49 097
Syria	2	2			4	37	14	49			10 049
Lebanon	0	1			1	49	0	51			3 473
Israel	2	1			3	23	28	49			6 131
Palestinian Territories	0				0	100	0				2 693
Egypt	2	1	0	1	4	47	3	13	0	37	31 062
Libya	0	2			2	30	0	70			4 557
Tunisia	1				1	89	11				6 603
Algeria	1	1			2	81	4	15			20 805
Morocco	5	2			7	49	22	29			16 763
<b>Total</b>											
North Shore	24	9	2	0	35	60	12	17	12	0	132 730
South and East Shore	20	14	1	1	36	54	9	22	6	8	151 233
Mediterranean	44	23	3	1	71	57	11	20	9	4	283 963
World	446	361	31	18	856	52	10	22	7	8	3 164 635

Source: UN-World Urbanisation Prospects, 2007

Table 18 Agricultural population

Countries	Agricultural population (thousand)					Agricultural population (percentage of the rural population)				
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
Spain	4 580	3 667	2 940	2 482	2 389	48	39	31	25	24
France	3 112	2 496	1 979	1 589	1 520	21	17	14	11	11
Italy	4 879	3 884	3 069	2 439	2 327	26	20	16	13	12
Greece	1 902	1 695	1 477	1 254	1 213	45	39	33	29	28
Malta	9	8	6	5	5	26	24	20	19	20
Cyprus	92	79	68	57	55	41	34	28	22	21
Slovenia		64	38	22	20		7	4	2	2
Croatia		547	382	277	259		26	19	14	13
Bosnia-Herzegovina		263	196	135	125		13	9	6	6
Montenegro					92					39
Albania	1 796	1 622	1 488	1 420	1 408	86	84	83	82	81
Turkey	21 383	21 265	20 961	20 223	20 056	91	89	87	85	84
Syria	4 245	4 452	4 610	4 863	4 917	65	61	58	55	54
Lebanon	216	182	140	106	100	43	34	27	20	19
Israel	186	179	164	146	143	43	36	31	26	25
Palestinian Territories	328	348	370	381	382	47	45	41	36	35
Egypt	24 245	24 483	24 482	24 189	24 102	78	71	64	58	57
Libya	474	387	317	257	246	45	33	25	19	18
Tunisia	2 316	2 377	2 356	2 300	2 288	67	69	67	66	65
Algeria	6 526	7 097	7 336	7 435	7 444	54	57	60	62	62
Morocco	11 208	11 013	10 618	10 136	10 043	88	85	79	74	73

Source: FAO

Table 19 Rural population

Countries	Rural population (thousands)					Rural population (percentage of the total population)				
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
Spain	9 576	9 510	9 550	10 103	10 165	25	24	24	23	23
France	14 719	14 602	14 349	14 210	14 162	26	25	24	23	23
Italy	18 873	18 954	18 910	18 995	18 967	33	33	33	32	32
Greece	4 182	4 338	4 419	4 400	4 389	41	41	40	40	39
Malta	35	34	30	26	25	10	9	8	6	6
Cyprus	226	234	247	257	258	33	32	31	31	30
Slovenia		970	977	1 009	1 018		49	49	50	51
Croatia		2 106	2 001	1 982	1 973		45	44	44	43
Bosnia-Herzegovina		2 016	2 150	2 124	2 109		59	57	54	54
Montenegro					236					39
Albania	2 091	1 924	1 794	1 741	1 731	64	61	58	55	55
Turkey	23 395	23 763	24 032	23 872	23 826	41	38	35	33	32
Syria	6 496	7 297	7 987	8 845	9 025	51	50	48	47	47
Lebanon	502	530	528	537	538	17	15	14	13	13
Israel	435	491	521	561	570	10	9	9	8	8
Palestinian Territories	692	774	898	1 069	1 102	32	30	29	28	28
Egypt	31 165	34 682	38 165	41 787	42 542	57	57	57	57	57
Libya	1 059	1 160	1 263	1 361	1 379	24	24	24	23	23
Tunisia	3 456	3 458	3 497	3 501	3 500	42	39	37	35	34
Algeria	12 114	12 438	12 260	12 050	12 011	48	44	40	37	36
Morocco	12 803	13 019	13 452	13 732	13 789	52	48	47	45	45

Source: FAO

Table 20 Arable land areas

Countries	Arable land (1000 hectares)				Arable land per capita (hectares/inhabitant)			
	1990	1995	2000	2005	1990	1995	2000	2005
Spain	15 335	14 045	13 400	13 700	0.395	0.357	0.333	0.316
France	17 999	18 310	18 440	18 507	0.317	0.317	0.313	0.304
Italy	9 012	8 283	8 479	7 744	0.159	0.146	0.149	0.132
Greece	2 899	2 821	2 741	2 627	0.285	0.265	0.251	0.237
Malta	12	10	8	9	0.033	0.026	0.021	0.022
Cyprus	106	99	98	120	0.183	0.152	0.141	0.158
Slovenia		196	173	176		0.098	0.087	0.088
Croatia		1 117	1 458	1 110		0.239	0.324	0.250
Bosnia-Herzegovina		850	1 000	1 000		0.248	0.264	0.255
Albania	579	577	578	578	0.176	0.183	0.188	0.183
Turkey	24 647	24 654	23 826	23 830	0.439	0.399	0.353	0.331
Syria	4 885	4 799	4 542	4 873	0.384	0.328	0.275	0.258
Lebanon	183	180	190	186	0.062	0.052	0.050	0.046
Israel	343	345	338	317	0.074	0.062	0.054	0.046
Palestinian Territories	111	116	106	107	0.056	0.048	0.036	0.030
Egypt	2 284	2 817	2 801	3 000	0.041	0.046	0.042	0.041
Libya	1 805	1 870	1 815	1 750	0.414	0.387	0.340	0.296
Tunisia	2 909	2 842	2 864	2 729	0.357	0.317	0.299	0.272
Algeria	7 081	7 519	7 662	7 450	0.280	0.266	0.251	0.227
Morocco	8 707	8 921	8 767	8 480	0.360	0.337	0.308	0.281
<b>Total/Average</b>								
North Shore	45 942	46 308	46 375	45 571	0.258	0.259	0.256	0.242
South and East Shore	52 955	54 063	52 911	52 722	0.271	0.249	0.223	0.205
Mediterranean	98 897	100 371	99 286	98 293	0.265	0.254	0.237	0.220

Sources: WDI 2008, FAOSTAT

Table 21 Irrigated land areas (1000 hectares)

Countries	Areas equipped for irrigation						Agriculture area irrigated	Permanent crops irrigated	Temporary crops irrigated
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006	2007	2006	2006	2006
Spain	3 402	3 527	3 735	3 858	3 840	3 840	3 320	1 179	
France	1 970	2 510	2 634	2 678	2 690	2 706	1 593		
Italy	2 711	2 698	3 887	3 973	3 973	3 973	2 613		
Greece	1 195	1 383	1 451	1 479	1 500	1 594	1 330	408	
Malta	1	1	2	3	3	3.2	2.4	0.7	2
Cyprus	36	40	42	45	46	46	33	22	11
Slovenia		2	3	5	5	9	3	1	2
Croatia		3	3	16	16	16	4		4
Bosnia-Herzegovina		2	3	3	3	3			
Montenegro					2.2	2.2			
Albania	423	340	340	362	365	365	835		
Turkey	4 071	4 186	4 745	5 215	5 215	5 215	5 215		
Syria	693	1 089	1 211	1 428	1 402	1 396	1 402	173	1 229
Lebanon	86	105	104	104	104	104	142	55	54
Israel	206	194	198	220	225	225			
Palestinian Territories	18	17	17	16	17	17	17	7	10
Egypt	2 648	3 283	3 291	3 422	3 530	3 530			
Libya	470	470	470	470	470	470			
Tunisia	300	361	394	418	418	418	356	177	
Algeria	455	558	568	569	570	570			
Morocco	1 258	1 258	1 443	1 484	1 484	1 484			

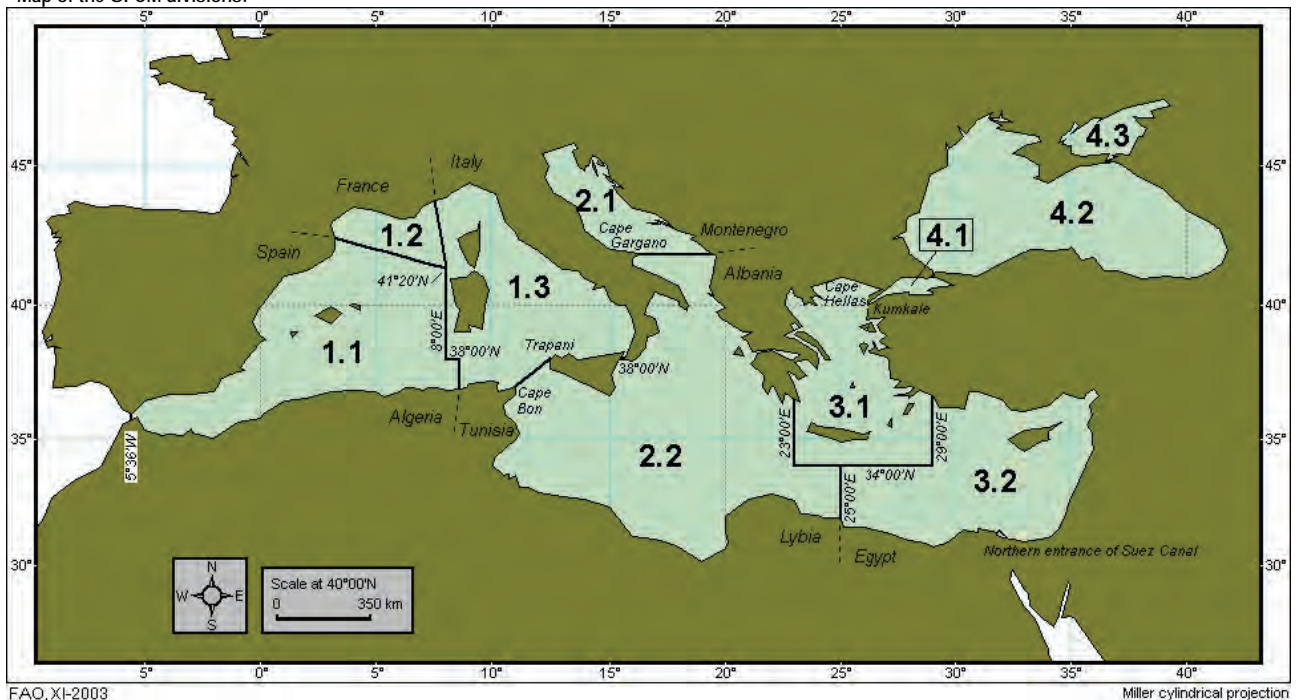
Source: FAOSTAT

Table 22 Catches in the Mediterranean sea (Black sea, Azov sea and Marmara sea excluded) (tonnes)

Statistical divisions	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005
1.1 Balearic	128 668	190 507	218 758	232 823	249 853	277 625	261 373	258 282
1.2 Gulf of Lions	40 971	35 514	34 983	36 381	40 790	30 636	41 635	25 035
1.3 Sardinia	149 436	93 647	75 917	102 997	59 386	84 740	77 902	86 122
2.1 Adriatic	144 516	195 378	216 896	220 359	149 686	144 563	155 271	147 298
2.2 Ionian	83 884	147 059	156 256	245 860	242 003	273 841	199 617	220 731
3.1 Aegean	44 043	62 866	91 392	109 236	133 430	172 663	114 551	114 217
3.2 Levant	22 265	21 241	34 141	37 789	70 668	79 153	80 915	84 334
Not known (CGFM area)	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	5 879
Tunas (CGFM area)	34 093	26 924	44 998	66 568	69 233	75 459	71 577	129 097
Total	647 876	773 136	873 342	1 052 012	1 015 049	1 138 702	1 002 841	1 070 993

Source: General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean (GFCM)

Map of the GFCM divisions:



37 1 - WESTERN subarea 37 1 1 - Balearic 37 1 2 - Gulf of Lions 37 1 3 - Sardinia	37 3 - EASTERN subarea 37 3 1 - Aegean 37 3 2 - Levant
37 2 - CENTRAL subarea 37 2 1 - Adriatic 37 2 2 - Ionian	37 4 - BLACK SEA subarea 37 4 1 - Marmara Sea 37 4 2 - Black Sea (proper) 37 4 3 - Azov Sea

Tuna catches are not allocated according to GFCM statistical divisions and are grouped together into a division named "Tunas"(37 0 0). Another division, named "Not known" (37 9 0), contains all the catches for which the statistical division is not known.

Table 23 Aquaculture production (tonnes) (H2020 indicator)

	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Marine water	579 281	631 690	752 685	773 807	805 462	690 834
Fish	40 305	142 766	140 645	149 131	170 821	182 223
Molluscs	537 870	486 957	609 970	622 579	632 505	506 338
Crustaceans	1 106	1 967	2 070	2 097	2 136	2 273
Brackish water	138 191	307 666	357 538	404 944	471 375	637 805
Fish	78 191	307 665	302 538	349 944	446 375	472 805
Molluscs	60 000	1	55 000	55 000	25 000	165 000
<b>Marine and brackish waters</b>	<b>717 472</b>	<b>939 356</b>	<b>1 110 223</b>	<b>1 178 751</b>	<b>1 276 837</b>	<b>1 328 639</b>
Fish	118 496	450 431	443 183	499 075	617 196	655 028
Molluscs	597 870	486 958	664 970	677 579	657 505	671 338
Crustaceans	1 106	1 967	2 070	2 097	2 136	2 273
Fresh water	157 961	220 106	200 674	181 781	188 663	211 312
Fish	156 961	220 024	200 577	181 611	188 603	210 498
Crustaceans	1 000	82	97	170	60	814
<b>Total</b>	<b>875 433</b>	<b>1 159 462</b>	<b>1 310 897</b>	<b>1 360 532</b>	<b>1 465 500</b>	<b>1 539 951</b>
Fish	275 457	670 455	643 760	680 686	805 799	865 526
Molluscs	597 870	486 958	664 970	677 579	657 505	671 338
Crustaceans	2 106	2 049	2 167	2 267	2 196	3 087

Sources: SIPAM, SPA/RAC, synthesis Hadj-Ali

Table 24 International tourists arrivals (thousand)

Countries	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Spain	34 920	47 898	50 094	52 327	50 854	52 430	55 914	58 190	59 193
France	60 033	77 190	75 202	77 012	75 048	75 121	75 908	79 083	81 900
Italy	31 052	41 181	39 563	39 799	39 604	37 071	36 513	41 058	43 654
Greece	10 130	13 096	14 057	14 180	13 969	13 313	14 765	16 039	17 518
Monaco	233	300	270	263	235	250	286	313	328
Malta	1 116	1 216	1 180	1 134	1 127	1 156	1 171	1 124	1 244
Cyprus	2 100	2 686	2 697	2 418	2 303	2 349	2 470	2 401	2 416
Slovenia	732	1 090	1 219	1 302	1 373	1 499	1 555	1 617	1 750
Croatia	1 324	5 831	6 544	6 944	7 409	7 912	8 467	8 659	9 307
Bosnia-Herzegovina	37	171	139	160	165	190	217	256	306
Montenegro	228	239	351	136	142	188	272	378	984
Albania	40	32	34	36	41	32	48	60	57
Turkey	7 083	9 586	10 783	12 790	13 341	16 826	20 273	18 916	22 248
Syria	815	1 416	1 801	2 186	2 085	3 033	3 368	4 422	4 566
Lebanon	450	742	837	956	1 016	1 278	1 140	1 063	1 017
Israel	2 215	2 417	1 196	862	1 063	1 505	1 903	1 825	2 268
Palestinian Territories		330	43	33	37	56	88	123	264
Egypt	2 871	5 116	4 357	4 906	5 746	7 795	8 244	8 646	10 610
Libya	56	174	169	135	142	149			
Tunisia	4 120	5 058	5 387	5 064	5 114	5 998	6 378	6 550	6 762
Algeria	520	866	901	988	1 166	1 234	1 443	1 638	1 743
Morocco	2 602	4 278	4 380	4 453	4 761	5 477	5 843	6 558	7 408
<b>Total</b>									
North Shore	141 945	190 930	191 350	195 711	192 270	191 511	197 586	209 178	218 657
South and East Shore	20 732	29 983	29 854	32 373	34 471	43 351	48 680	49 741	56 886
Mediterranean	162 677	220 913	221 204	228 084	226 741	234 862	246 266	258 919	275 543
World	540 000	687 000	688 000	709 000	694 000	764 000	805 000	850 000	908 000
<b>Ratio</b>									
North Shore / Mediterranean	87	86	87	86	85	82	80	81	79
South and East Shore / Mediterranean	13	14	13	14	15	18	20	19	21
Mediterranean / World	30.1	32.2	32.2	32.2	32.7	30.7	30.6	30.5	30.3

Note: 1995, 2000 and 2001 data for Montenegro refer to the Serbia-Montenegro

Source: UN-WTO, Plan Bleu computations

Table 25 Arrivals of international tourists per transport mode (thousand)

Countries	1996				2006			
	Air	Road	Rail	Sea	Air	Road	Rail	Sea
Spain	24 658	9 369	379	1 815	42 445	13 819	281	1 646
France	9 136	44 660	4 082	4 527	17 718	48 755	4 880	7 730
Italy	8 415	43 794	3 080	1 961	21 520	41 032	1 900	1 901
Greece	9 136	943	28	1 127	11 509	3 441	79	2 255
Monaco					222			91
Malta	973			81	1 104			20
Cyprus	1 744			344	2 408			221
Slovenia	75	739	17	1	310	1 256	48	2
Croatia	522	18 077	377	109	1 825	44 560	312	1 036
Albania	52	160		44	151	645		141
Turkey	6 240	1 360	92	922	14 085	4 206	72	1 457
Syria	325	2 101		9	686	5 313		11
Israel	1 612	471		17	1 568	255		2
Egypt	2 579	801		516	7 610	812		660
Libya		1 225		51				
Tunisia	2 674	1 155		55	4 144	2 305		101
Algeria	370	63		172				
Morocco	1 277	395		1 021	3 549	1 072		1 937

Source: UN-WTO, Plan Bleu computations

Table 26 Rate of motorisation and number of passenger cars

Countries	Number of passenger cars (per 1000 inhabitants)				Total number of passenger cars (1000)			
	2000	2003	2004	2005	2000	2003	2004	2005
Spain	431	445			17 353	18 692		
France	476	492	494	494	28 034	29 596	29 897	30 071
Italy	545		590	595	31 037		34 323	34 871
Greece	293	348	368	388	3 199	3 836	4 071	4 308
Malta	485	520	523		189	207	210	
Cyprus	340	371	406	550	236	268	300	417
Slovenia	426	446	456	471	847	890	911	942
Croatia	257	291	301	312	1 157	1 293	1 337	1 386
Albania	37		61		114		191	
Turkey	66	66	75	80	4 450	4 667	5 336	5 765
Syria	8	11	12		132	197	221	
Lebanon	403				1 520			
Israel	226	231	234	239	1 421	1 545	1 592	1 655
Palestinian Territories		23	27	29		77	95	105
Egypt	25	26	27		163	1 827	1 932	
Libya				232				1 373
Tunisia	54		83		516		824	
Algeria	56	56	57	58	1 708	1 786	1 845	1 906
Morocco	44	46			1 252	1 358		
World	104	118			634 643	744 407		

Source : WDI, IRF

Table 27 Length of rail and road networks

Countries	Rail (km)			Road (km)			Paved road (%of the road network)		
	1995	2000	2005	1995	2000	2005	1995	2000	2005
Spain	12 280	13 866	14 484		664 024	666 292	99	99	99
France	31 939	32 515	29 286	892 700	894 000	950 985		100	100
Italy	16 003	16 499	16 225	315 000	479 688	484 688	100	100	100
Greece	2 850	2 299	2 576	117 000	116 470	117 533	92	92	
Malta				2 000	2 213	2 254	95	88	88
Cyprus				10 150	11 141	12 060	57	61	63
Slovenia	1 201	1 202	1 228	14 836	38 403	38 485	80	100	100
Croatia	2 296	2 727	2 726		28 123	28 472		85	84
Bosnia-Herzegovina		1 032	1 000	21 826	21 826	21 846	52	52	52
Albania	674	440	447	18 000	18 000		39	39	
Turkey	8 549	8 671	8 697	381 300	385 960	426 914	23	34	
Syria	1 525	1 771		37 059		94 890	25		20
Lebanon			401	6 359	7 300	6 970	95	85	
Israel	610	676	899	14 751	16 449	17 589	100	100	100
Palestinian Territories						4 996			100
Egypt	4 810	5 024	5 150	58 000	64 000	92 370	78	78	
Libya			2 757	81 600	83 200		57	57	
Tunisia	1 860	2 260	1 909	22 500	18 997	19 232	79	68	66
Algeria	4 290	3 793	3 572	102 424	104 000	108 302	69	69	70
Morocco	1 907	1 907	1 907	60 559	57 626	57 626	50	56	62

## Notes:

- Data for Road in Bosnia-Herzegovina and Palestinian Territories in 2000 refer to 2001
- Data for Road in Malta, Cyprus, Syria, Egypt, Tunisia and Algeria en 2005 refer to 2004
- Data for Paved road in Syria in 2000 refers to 2001
- Data for Paved road in Malta, Cyprus, Syria, Egypt, Tunisia and Algeria en 2005 refer to 2004

Sources: WDI, IRF, World Bank

Table 28 Waste water treatment plans in the Mediterranean coastal cities, 2004 (H2020 indicator)

Countries	Number of cities					Number of inhabitants (1000)				
	Total	With WWTP	Stopped/ in maintenance	In project/ Under construction	Without WWTP	Total	With WWTP	Stopped/ in maintenance	In project/ Under construction	Without WWTP
Spain	73	69	0	0	4	6 413	6 221			192
France	70	68	0	0	2	5 098	5 052			46
Italy	120	100	0	12	8	8 003	7 443		413	147
Greece	64	52	3	0	9	7 207	6 776	127		304
Malta	1	1	0	0		35	35			
Cyprus	15	7	0	0	8	214	104			109
Slovenia	4	4	0	0		330	330			
Croatia	3	2	0	0	1	76	63			13
Albania	10	8	0	0	2	797	649			148
Turkey	4		0	0	4	300				300
Syria	34	22	0	0	12	4 784	4 279			506
Lebanon	6		0	0	6	604				604
Israel	7	1	0	0	6	2 256	1 200			1 056
Palestinian Territories	9	9	0	0		3 640	3 640			
Egypt	13	6	0	2	5	5 161	4 762		224	175
Libya	17	6	6	4	1	4 062	721	2 476	785	80
Tunisia	32	21	0	7	4	3 983	3 197		693	93
Algeria	98	30	6	4	58	4 290	1 374	323	118	2 475
Morocco	12	2	0	2	8	1 473	264		973	237
<b>Total</b>										
North Shore	364	311	3	12	38	28 473	26 674	127	413	1 259
South and East Shore	228	97	12	19	100	30 254	19 437	2 799	2 793	5 226
Mediterranean	592	408	15	31	138	58 727	46 111	2 926	3 206	6 484

Notes:

- WWTP : Waste Water Treatment Plants
- This table do not include the cities discharging into rivers

Source: MEDPOL

Table 29 Waste water treatment plans in the Mediterranean coastal cities, 2004 (%) (H2020 indicator)

Countries	Number of cities				Number of inhabitants			
	With WWTP	Stopped/ in maintenance	In project/ Under construction	Without WWTP	With WWTP	Stopped/ in maintenance	In project/ Under construction	Without WWTP
Spain	95	0	0	5	97			3
France	97	0	0	3	99			1
Italy	83	0	10	7	93		5	2
Greece	81	5	0	14	94	2		4
Malta	100	0	0	0	100			0
Cyprus	47	0	0	53	49			51
Slovenia	100	0	0	0	100			0
Croatia	67	0	0	33	83			17
Albania	80	0	0	20	81			19
Turkey	0	0	0	100	0			100
Syria	65	0	0	35	89			11
Lebanon	0	0	0	100	0			100
Israel	14	0	0	86	53			47
Palestinian Territories	100	0	0	0	100			0
Egypt	46	0	15	38	92		4	3
Libya	35	35	24	6	18	61	19	2
Tunisia	66	0	22	13	80		17	2
Algeria	31	6	4	59	32	8	3	58
Morocco	17	0	17	67	18		66	16
<b>Total</b>								
North Shore	85	1	3	10	94		1	4
South and East Shore	43	5	8	44	64	9	9	17
Mediterranean	69	3	5	23	79	5	5	11

Notes:

- WWTP : Waste Water Treatment Plants
- This table do not include the cities discharging into rivers

Source: MEDPOL

Table 30 The Mediterranean marine ecosystems

Countries	Mediterranean coastline (km)	Georeferenced Magnoliophytes and corallogenic reefs		Number of protected species*		Specially protected areas	
		(km)	Percentage	2002	2007	Number	Protected area (km <sup>2</sup> )
Spain	2 580	1 600	62	61	61	355	23 720
France	1 703	1 300	76	47	47	293	5 072
Italy	7 375	5 000	68	104	104	26	2 868
Monaco	4	0		19	19	3	1
Greece	15 021	3 800	25	0	54	12	2 667
Malta	180	175	97	47	96	6	12
Cyprus	782	67	9	54	54	8	2 076
Slovenia	47	8	17	25	36	8	16
Croatia	5 835	5 600	96	20	66	12	3 147
Bosnia-Herzegovina	23	0				2	80
Montenegro	294	2	1	0	43	23	
Albania	418	6	1	5	26	12	1 500
Turkey	5 191	51	1	0	30	13	9 581
Syria	183	0				3	50
Lebanon	225	0		18	18	2	13
Israel	179	0		0	81	29	27
Palestinian Territories	55	0					
Egypt	955	0		0	31	4	1 586
Libya	1 770	75	4	18	18	13	3 184
Tunisia	1 298	380	29	0	19	8	240
Algeria	1 200	70	6	0	13	8	1 054
Morocco	512	0		0	19	1	485
<b>Total</b>							
North Shore	34 261	17 558	51			760	41 159
South and East Shore	9 638	576	6			81	16 219
Mediterranean	43 899	18 134	41			841	57 378

Note: \*Number of species of the annex II of the SPA/BD protocol protected in the countries

Sources: SPA/RAC and Plan Bleu, from national sources and reports

Table 31 Waste production and waste disposals (H2020 indicator)

Countries	Year	Waste production (1000 t)			Number of controlled landfills for non-hazardous waste	
		Total amount generated	Hazardous waste	Industrial waste		Municipal waste
Spain	2006	160 947	4 028	22 427	26 209	482
France	2006	445 865	9 622	22 973	33 879	769
Italy	2006	155 025	7 465	39 997	32 508	557
Greece	2006	51 325	275	5 285	4 927	1 440
Malta	2006	2 861	51	50	253	12
Cyprus	2006	1 870	80	413	571	54
Slovenia	2006	6 036	116	2 385	866	53
Turkey	2004	58 820		15 389	29 225	2 420
Syria	2004		42 <sup>e</sup>		7 500 <sup>e</sup>	4
Lebanon	2001	1 449 <sup>e</sup>	108	260 <sup>(1)</sup>	1 440	3 <sup>(2)</sup>
Israel	2006	5 527 <sup>(3)</sup>	340 <sup>(4)</sup>			22
Palestinian Territories	2006	2 053	15	984	1 166 <sup>(5)</sup>	0
Egypt	2000	67 871		5 000 <sup>e</sup>	29 000	1 <sup>(4)</sup>
Tunisia	2004		150 <sup>(6)</sup>	7 500 <sup>(7)</sup>	2 025	5 <sup>(2)</sup>
Algeria	2003	11 100	325 <sup>(8)</sup>	1 030	8 500 <sup>(9)</sup>	13 <sup>(10)</sup>
Morocco	2000	7 500 <sup>(2)</sup>	131	974	6 500	6 <sup>(2)</sup>

## Notes:

(1) 2000 Data.

(2) 2006 Data.

(3) 2003 Data, refers to collected waste.

(4) 2004 Data, refers only to hazardous waste treated.

(5) 2005 Data.

(6) 2002 Data.

(7) 2003 Data.

(8) Refers only to hazardous industrial waste.

(9) of which 1,5 million tonnes of similar industrial waste.

(10) 2004 Data.

e: estimations

Source: Eurostat, from national sources

Table 32 Composition of municipal waste (%) (H2020 indicator)

Countries	Year	Organic waste	Papers and cardboard	Textiles	Plastics	Glass	Metals	Others wastes
Spain	2006	11.1	4.1	0.0	0.7	5.6	2.1	76.4
France	2006	10.1	7.8	0.2	1.4	3.8	1.0	75.6
Italy	2006	0.3	3.4	0.0	0.5	2.3	0.2	93.3
Malta	2006	2.1	1.2	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.1	96.0
Cyprus	2006	0.0	3.8	9.0	16.3	1.6	3.1	66.2
Slovenia	2006	3.2	2.4	0.2	0.9	1.1	1.2	91.0
Syria	2004 <sup>e</sup>	60.0	10.0	2.5	12.0	2.5	4.0	9.0
Lebanon	2001 <sup>e</sup>	51.0	17.0	3.0	10.0	9.0	3.0	7.0
Israel	2006 <sup>(1)e</sup>	40.0	25.0	4.0	13.0	3.0	3.0	12.0
Palestinian Territories	2006 <sup>(2)</sup>	86.0	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.3
Egypt	2000	55.0	15.5	3.5	7.5	3.0	4.5	11.0
Tunisia	2004	68.0	10.0	2.0	11.0	3.0	4.0	2.0
Algeria	2003	10.1	2.1	2.7	1.1	2.9	76.5	4.7
Morocco	2000	68.5	19.0	2.0	4.0	4.0	2.5	0.0

## Notes:

(1) refers to collected waste. Since 2005, data include recycled materials collected within the municipality

(2) refers to the collected household's waste

e: estimations

Source: Eurostat, from national sources

## Acronyms and Abbreviations

AAGR	Average annual growth rate
ADEME	French Environment and Energy Management Agency
AFD	Agence française de développement
AFS	Anti-Fouling System
ARENE	Agence régionale de l'environnement et des nouvelles énergies (France)
ARPC	Association des récupérateurs de papier carton (Morocco)
BAMM	Bathing Area Management Model
BARE	Bathing Area Registration and Evaluation system
Bcm =Gm3	billion cubic meters = Giga cubic meter
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
BOD <sub>5</sub>	Biochemical oxygen demand during 5 days
BWM	Ballast Water Management Convention
CAIT	Climate Analysis Indicators Tool
CAMP	Coastal Area Management Programme
CBD	Convention on Biological Diversity
Cd	Cadmium
CDM	Clean Development Mechanism
CESD	Centre for Environmentally Sustainable Development (Bosnia-Herzegovina)
CHM	Clearing House Mechanism
CIESIN	Centre for International Earth Science Information Network
CIESM	International Commission for the Scientific Exploration of the Mediterranean Sea
CIHEAM	International Centre for Advanced Mediterranean Agronomic Studies
CITET	Centre international des Technologies de l'environnement de Tunis
CMPP	Centre marocain de production propre
CNES	Centre national d'études spatiales (France)
CNTPP	Centre national des technologies de production plus propre (Algérie)
CO	Carbon monoxide
CO <sub>2</sub>	Carbon dioxide
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
CP/RAC	Cleaner Production Regional Activity Centre
DDT	Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane
dw	Dry weight
DWT	Deadweight Tonnage
EC	European Council
ECAP	Ecosystem Approach
ECC	European Cruise Council
EE	Energy Efficiency
EEA	European Environment Agency
EEZ	Exclusive Economic Zone
EI	Energy Intensity
EIB	European Investment Bank
EIC	European Information Centre
EMSC	European-Mediterranean Seismological Centre

ENCPC	Egypt National Cleaner Production Centre
EU	European Union
EWRA	Egyptian Water Regulatory Agency
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations
FFEM	French Global Environment Facility
FRA	Fisheries Restricted Areas
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GEF	Global Environment Facility
GFCM	General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean
GHG	Greenhouse gas
Gm <sup>3</sup>	Giga cubic meter
GPP	Green Public Procurement
GW	Giga watt
GWh	Gigawatt per hour
H2020	Horizon 2020 initiative
HAB	Harmful Algal Bloom
HCB	Hexachlorobenzene
HCMR	Hellenic Centre for Marine Research
HCWW	Holding Company for Water and Wastewater (Egypt)
Hg	Mercury
HNS	Hazardous and Noxious substances
ICC	International Coastal Cleanup
ICCAT	International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas
ICZM	Integrated Coastal Zone Management
IEA	International Energy Agency
ILO	International Labour Organization
IMO	International Maritime Organisation
IOAC	International Civil Aviation Organization
IPCC	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
IPIECA	International Petroleum Industry Environment Conservation Association
IRF	International Road Federation
IUCN	World Conservation Union
IUU	Illegal, unregulated and unreported fishing
JRC	European Joint Research Centre
K	Potassium
Km <sup>2</sup>	Square kilometre
Km <sup>3</sup>	Cubic kilometre
koe	Kilo of oil equivalent
LA21	Local Agenda 21
LBS	Land-Based Sources
LDCF	Least Developed Country Fund
LEGOS	Laboratoire d'études en géophysique et océanographie (France)
LPG	Liquefied Petroleum Gas
m/c	Marine and coastal
MA	Millennium Ecosystems Assessment

MAP	Mediterranean Action Plan
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from ships
MATE	Ministère de l'Aménagement du Territoire et de l'Environnement (Algérie)
MDG	Millennium Developments Goals
MED	Mediterranean region
MED POL	Programme for the Assessment and Control of Marine Pollution in the Mediterranean Region
MEDWET	Mediterranean Wetlands Initiative
MENA	Middle East and North Africa
METAP	Mediterranean Environment Technical Assistance Programme
MIDIV	Monitoring Illicit Discharges from Vessels
MOIG	Mediterranean Oil Industry Group
MSSD	Mediterranean Strategy for Sustainable Development
Mtoe	Million tonnes of oil equivalent
MWe	Megawatt electric
MWO	Mediterranean Wetlands Observatory
N	Nitrogen
NAPA	National Adaptation Programme of Action
NBB	National Baseline Budget
ng/g	Nano gram per gram
µg/g dw	Microgramme per gramme of dry weight
µg/g ww	Microgramme per gramme of wet weight
NGO	Non-governmental organisation
NGV	Natural Gas Vehicle
NKP	Nitrogen, Potassium and Phosphate
NMC	Northern Mediterranean Countries
NOAA	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (US)
NOx	Nitrogen oxide
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
OGJ	Oil and Gas Journal
OME	Mediterranean Energy Observatory
ONAS	National Sanitation Utility (Tunisia)
ONEP	Moroccan National Drinking Water Utility
ONERC	Observatoire national des effets du changement climatique (France)
OPRC	Convention on Oil Pollution Preparedness, Response and Cooperation
P	Phosphorus
PACA	Provence Alpes Côte d'Azur (French region)
PAH	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons
PAP/RAC	Priority Action Programme Regional Activity Centre
Pb	Lead
PCB	Polychlorinated Biphenyls
PM	Particulates matters
POP	Persistent Organic Pollutants
PPP	Purchasing Power Parity
REMPEC	Regional Marine Pollution Emergency response Centre for the Mediterranean Sea
RNO	Réseau National d'Observation de la qualité du milieu marin (France)

ROV	Remote Operated Vehicle
SAP MED	Strategic Action Programme
SCCF	Special Climate Change Fund
SEBI 2010	Streamlining European 2010 Biodiversity Indicators
SEE	South East Europe
SEMC	Southern and Eastern Mediterranean Countries
SIAAP	Syndicat interdépartemental pour l'assainissement de l'agglomération parisienne (France)
SIDIMAR	Programma di Monitoraggio dell'Ámbito Marino / national Italian monitoring programmes
SIPAM	Information system for the promotion of aquaculture in the Mediterranean
SMAP	Short and Medium Term Action Programme for the Environment (EU-MEDA)
SNCPC	Syrian National Cleaner Production Centre
SO <sub>2</sub>	Sulfur dioxide
SPA funds	Strategic Priority on Adaptation funds
SPA	Specially Protected Areas
SPA RAC	Regional Activity Centre for Specially Protected Areas
SPA/BD Protocol	Specially Protected Areas and Biodiversity Protocol
SST	Sea surface temperature
TCI	Tourism Comfort Index
TEU	Twenty foot Equivalent Unit
Toe	Tonne of oil equivalent
TSS	Total Suspended Solid
TWh	Terawatt hour
UNDP	United Nations Development Programme
UNEP	United Nations Environment Programme
UNESCO	United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation
UNFCCC	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
UN-Habitat	United Nations – Habitat (housing)
UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund
UNIDO	United Nations Industrial Development Organization
VMS	Vessel Monitoring System
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound
WDI	World Development Indicators
WDM	Water Resources Management
WEC	World Energy Council
WFD	Water Framework Directive
WRI	World Resources Institute
WTO	World Travel Organisation
WTTC	World Travel and Tourism Council
WWF	World Wide Fund for nature
WWTP	Waste Water Treatment Plant



